allergy (アレルギー)

Excessive sensitivity to a substance, as pollen, feathers, or dust, or a chemical, such as a detergent, cosmetic or drug.

Allergy is the cause of hay fever and hives, and may be the cause of many cases of asthma, eczema and sinusitis.

Allergic reactions are an exaggeration of the normal immune response to bacteria, virus, etc. Normally, the body responds to invasion by forming antibodies to fight the invader. The allergic response is similar, except that the antibodies react with the allergen, or invader substance, to cause the body to release chemicals that create undesirable side effects. Allergic reactions are most common in the respiratory tract and the skin, though they may also affect the digestive system.

allergy (アレルギー)

Excessive (1) to a substance, as (2), (3), or dust, or a chemical, such as 化学物質 a (4), (5) or drug.

Allergy is the cause of (6) and (7), and may be the cause of many cases 症例 of (8), (9) and (10).

Allergic reactions are an exaggeration of the normal immune response 通常の免疫反応が過剰に表れたもの
to bacteria, virus, etc. Normally, the body responds to invasion by (外部からの)侵入、外敵
forming (11) to fight the invader. The allergic response is similar, except (that 以下)を除いて
that the (11) react with the (12), or invader substance, to cause the body 結果の不定詞
to release chemicals that create undesirable (13). Allergic reactions are 放出する
most common in the (14) and the skin, though they may also affect the (15).

1 過敏性、過敏なこと

3 羽毛

5 化粧品

7 じんましん

9 湿疹

11 抗体

13 副作用

15 消化器系

2 花粉

4 洗剤

6 花粉症

8 喘息

10 副鼻腔炎

12 アレルゲン

14 気道

antibodies, cosmetic, pollen, sinusitis, feathers, side effects, digestive system, sensitivity, asthma, allergen, detergent, hives, respiratory tract, eczema, hay fever